



# Status of LHC collimators and implications on machine installation



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MARIC

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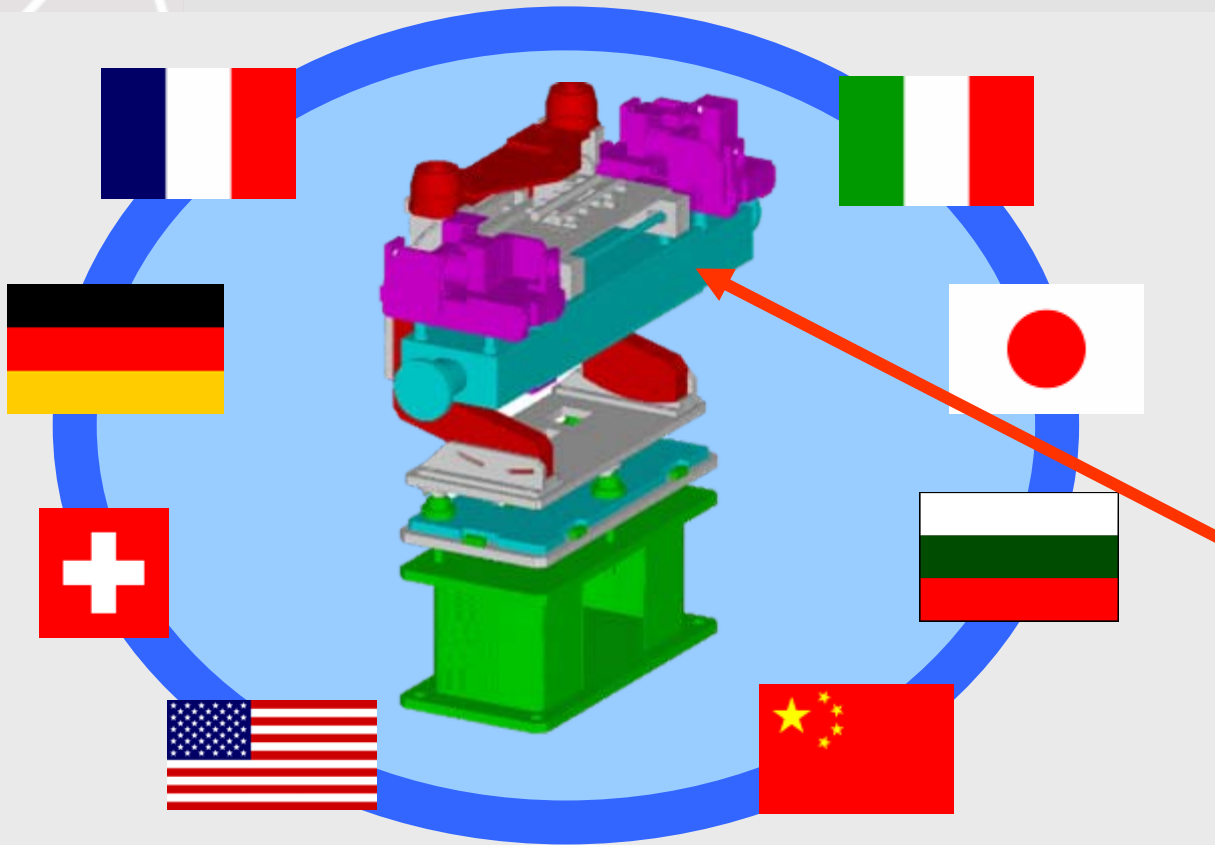
# Collimator Production

- Collimation system is being implemented in a phased approach.
- Planning June 2006:

Collimation Phase	Number of collimators	Performance reach (ideal)	Database phase	Installation
1	82	$10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	<b>1</b>	LSS planning
1	30	$0.4 \times I_{\text{nom}}$	<b>2</b>	First shutdown
2	32	R&D	<b>2</b>	~2010

- Late production start due to re-design of LHC collimation starting in 2003!
- Production of all 125 phase 1 collimators (ring, TL, spares) signed with CERCA/AREVA in June 2005.
- CERCA/AREVA known from successful production of LEP2 cavities.

# Overall Hardware Procurement...



## Major contracts:

**Collimators (FR)**

**Motors and sensors (D)**

**Position sensors (FR/China)**

**CFC (J)**

**Supports (Bulgaria)**

**Vacuum pumping ports (Italy)**

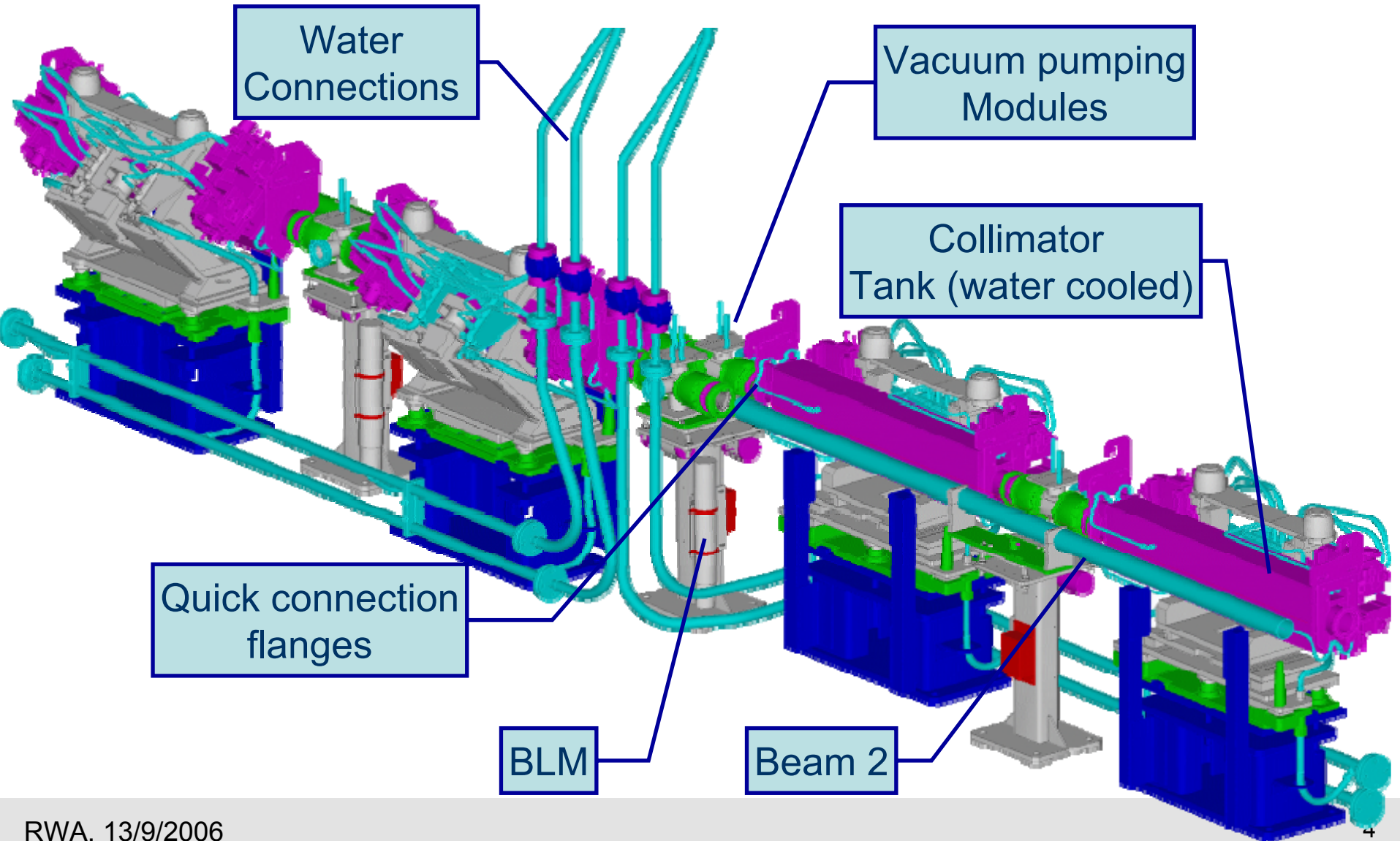
**Material/screws (Switzerland)**

**Glidcop material (US)**

→ Only part of overall installation is affected by recent problems in production of collimator! Other things on track or not critical for schedule (motors).

# Collimator General Layout

(vertical and skew shown)



Acronym	Description	Installed	Spares
TCP	Primary collimators	8	3
TCS	Secondary collimators	34	4
TCT, TCLA	Tertiary collimators, absorbers	30	3
TCLP	Absorbers for p-p induced showers	8	2
TCHS	Scraper	6	3
TCLIA	Injection protection	2	1
TCTVB	Tertiary collimator	4	1
TCDI	Transfer line collimators	14	2

→ **Operational spares** are included into the production...

# First LHC collimators produced and installed...



*10 minutes installation:  
checking on quick-plugs...*

**First ring  
collimator in 8L.  
(triplet protection  
for beam 1)**

**- June 14<sup>th</sup> -**

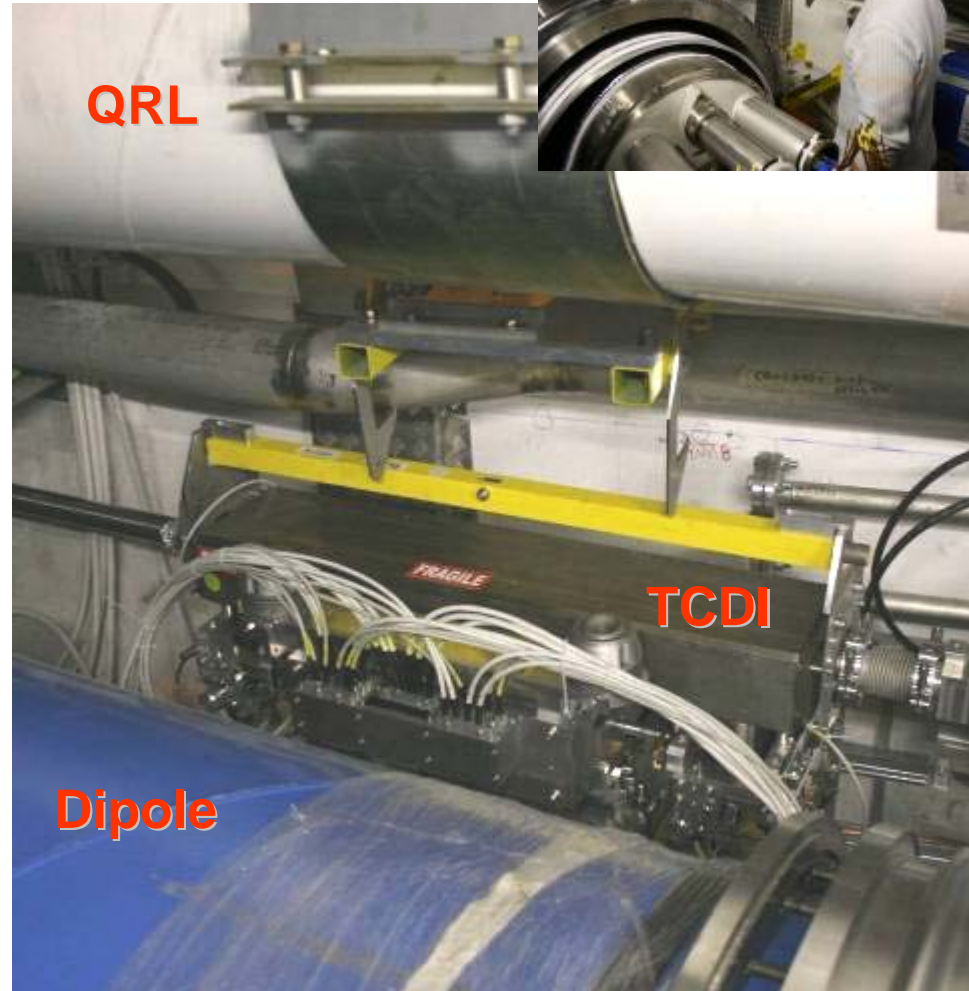


# First LHC collimators produced and installed...



Injection protection: Transfer line collimators in the ring, just before injection 8R.

- May 31<sup>st</sup> -

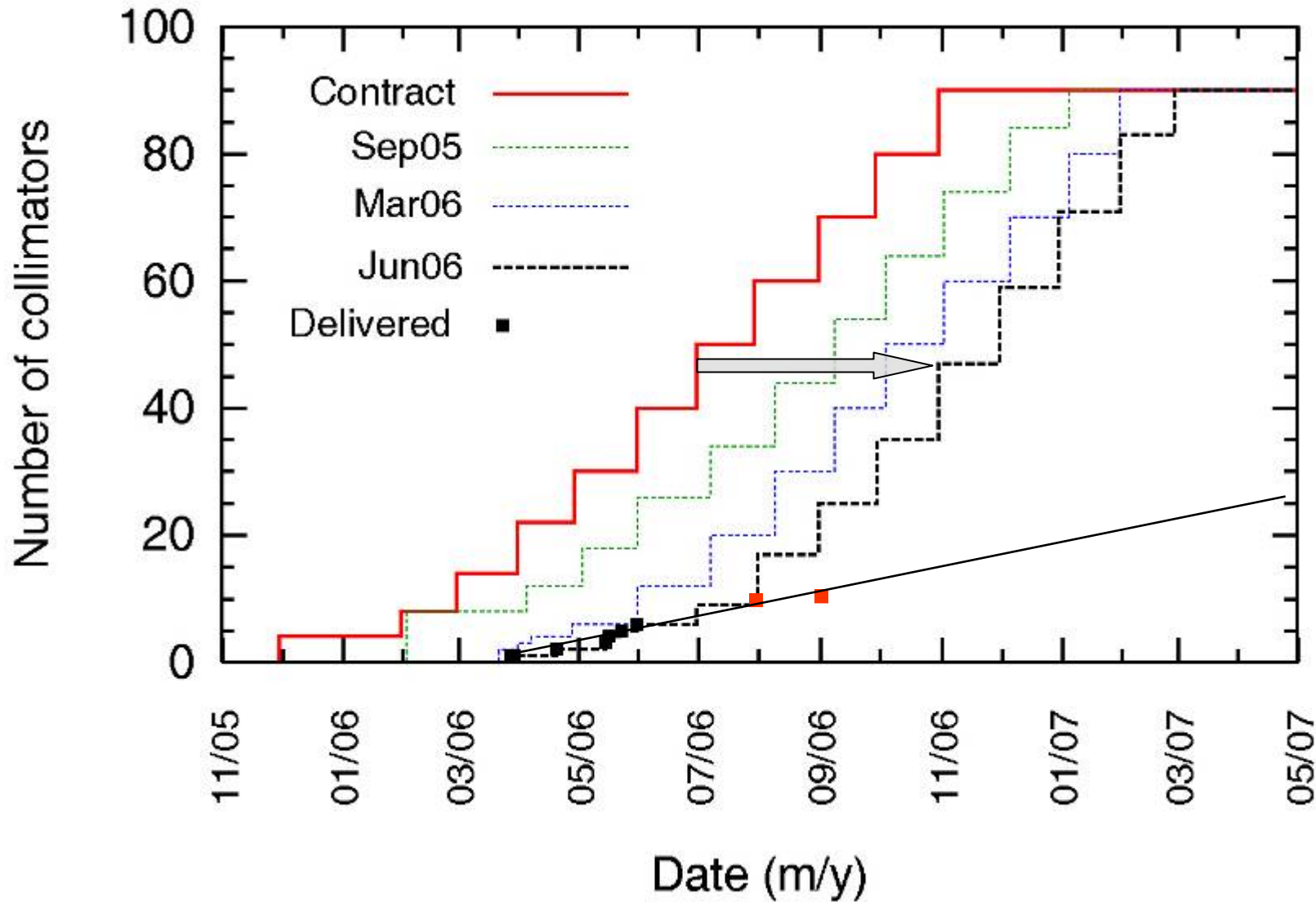


# Fundamental Problem?

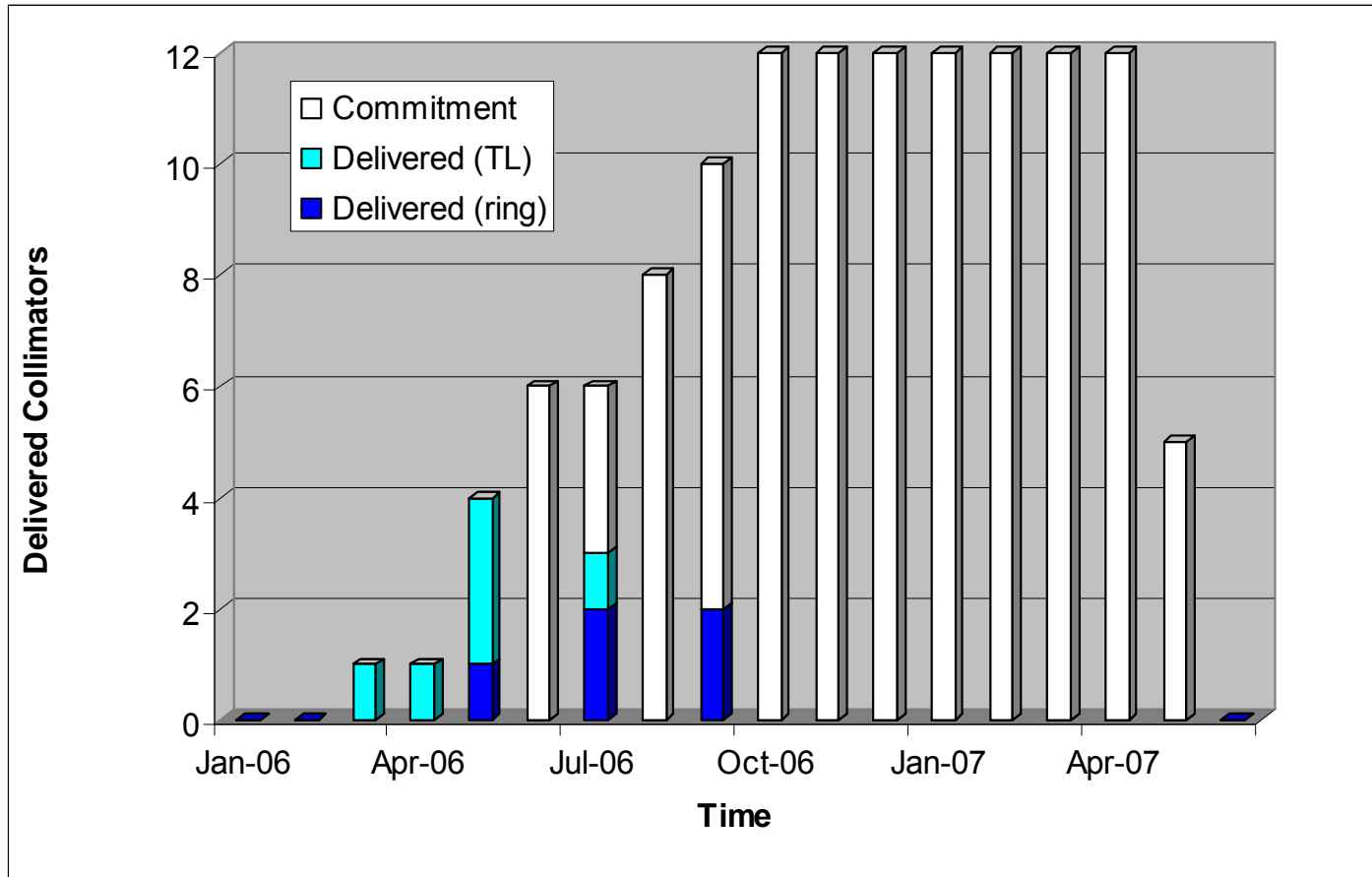
- There is no fundamental problem:
  - No major problems in design and drawings.
  - CERCA has built several fully conform collimators.
  - Major acceptance criteria are checked and fulfilled:
    - Jaw flatness: 40  $\mu\text{m}$  tolerance fulfilled over 1.2 m long jaws. Each checked.
    - Heat conductivity: Brazing qualified for heat conductivity (Jan 2006).
    - Vacuum spectra: OK. Each checked.
    - Mechanical precision. 20  $\mu\text{m}$  mechanical play. Micron alignment. Each checked.
- Problem are the delays:
  - Problem evident in March 2006 → Top management meeting.
  - May 17<sup>th</sup>: CERCA DG at CERN. Commits on new schedule. Additional resources. A few technical issues resolved in weeks after meeting.
  - Agreement with CERCA: No fundamental technical issues!



# Production Schedule Delays



# Commitment and Reality



The schedule presented by H. Sztark (CERCA DG) at CERN on May 17<sup>th</sup> is completely obsolete!

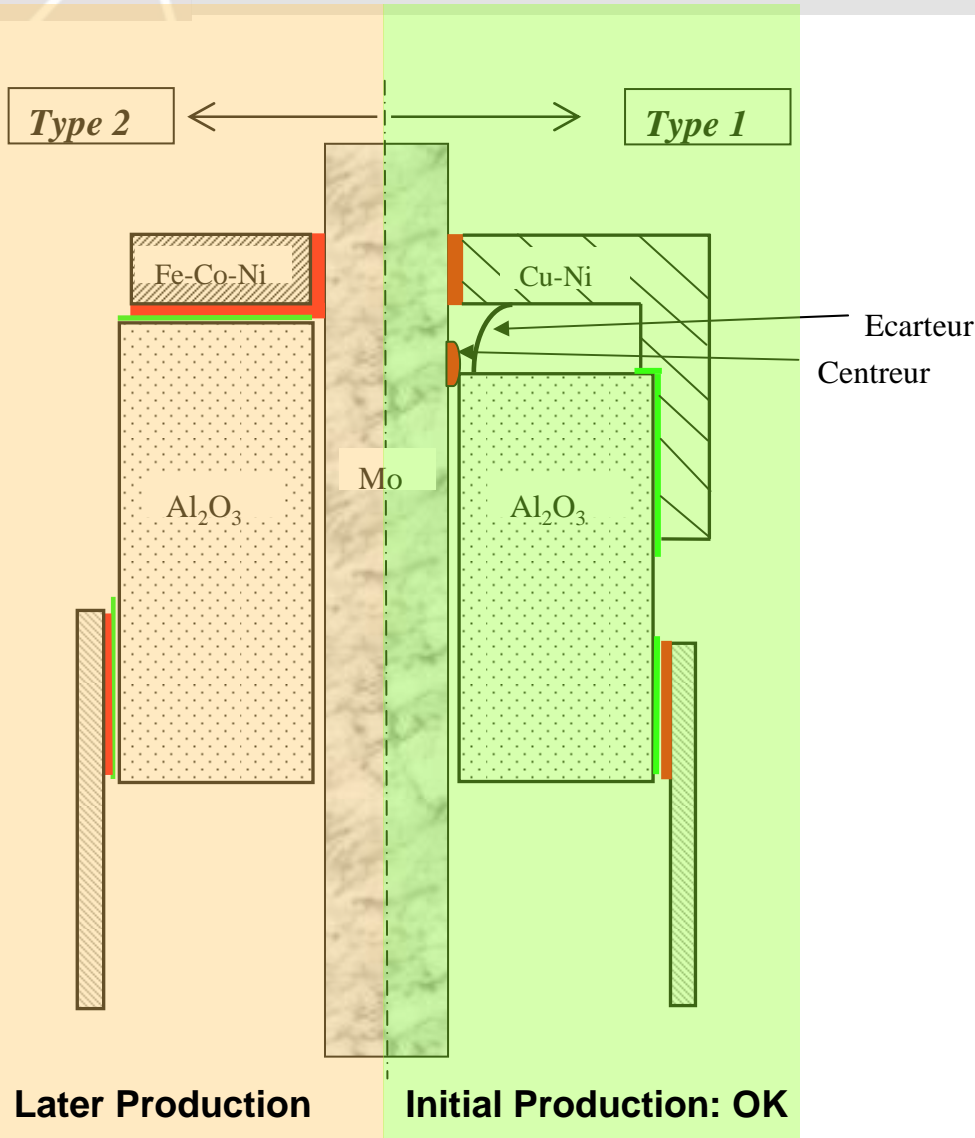
- **They work under intense pressure (\$\$\$):**
  - Lot's of sub-contractors due to mis-interpretation of drawings, limitations at CERCA, ... Brazing is also sub-contracted against qualification criteria!
  - They are **highly motivated to produce as fast as possible** to limit over-cost (collimators are worst project for them).
  - CERCA/AREVA **will complete the collimator job** (no signs of slow-down etc).
  - They do **big charges**: 16 jaws affected by latest production error. All feed-throughs ruined?
  - They tend to **cut corners** (vacuum tightness test of feed-throughs skipped because never problems encountered): more damage and delay.
  - **Manpower** maybe just sufficient for perfect production even after increase: Any problems result in lack of resources for normal production and effectively stop collimator production.
- **Problem encountered in ramping up production rate.** First trial failed → “New brazing problem”. Therefore this meeting today!
- **“New brazing problem”**: Feed-through for temperature cables (Aug 06).
  - CERN delivered feed-throughs are more delicate but OK.
  - CERCA did not take care with a modified version and had trouble with the sub-contractor for coating → Production error (as called by themselves)!
  - **Vacuum leak at feed-through for 16 jaws, all feed-throughs damaged (coating), production stopped.**

# Brazing Status Summarized

	Number of ring jaws	Repairable	Comment
Totally brazed	<b>56</b>	n/a	
Rejected for cooling pipes	<b>4</b>	?	Old brazing problem
Rejected for feedthrough problem	<b>16</b>	16	New brazing problem (August 2006)
Installed into tanks	<b>14</b>	n/a	3 TCS delivered, 3 good TCS still at CERCA, 1 TCS rejected
Available for completing collimators	<b>22</b>	n/a	Brazed without feed-throughs

**Maximum rate limited to 8 per month for next 3 months (present feed-through situation).**

# New Brazing Problem: Feed-through

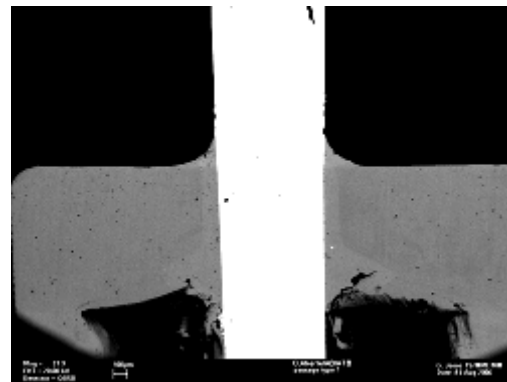


End of July 2006:

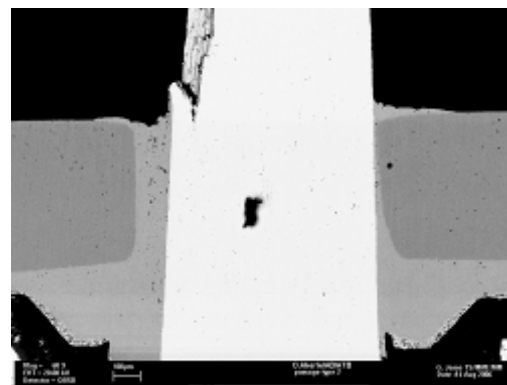
- Unexpected and new problem of vacuum leaks with 16 most recent jaws!
- Problem of feed-throughs which never made problems before at CERN and CERCA!
- Production stopped → was looking OK until then.
- Problem investigated at CERN TS experts and CERCA (thanks to TS)!
- Two types of feed-throughs used (from the same company).

# Feed-through Brazing Problem

- Feed-through type 1 not produced anymore → type 2!
- TS and AB analysis still ongoing...
- Preliminary conclusions:
  - Type 2 tested OK at CERN, while being more delicate!
  - Problem of coating is being suspected at CERCA sub-contractor!
  - Investigation at company (TS experts) has revealed several problems that must be corrected!
- Recent brazing (end of last week) with feed-throughs type 1 failed!



Passage type 1 : brasure répartie de chaque côté du fil Mo



Passage type 2 : fil Mo décentré, brasure mal répartie



# Consequences



- Plan for collimator installation must be changed.
- Collimators are an intensity-driven system: Take profit from low energy, low intensity start of the LHC!
  - No need to worry about missing collimators delaying the start-up of the LHC (no collimators needed at very low intensity).
  - New goal is to install the collimators which are really needed for the 2007 run.
  - Delayed collimators will be installed during the first shutdown.



# Collimation Needs 450 GeV



Intensity	Primary collimation (TCP)	Secondary collimation (TCS)	Absorbers for collimation debris (TCLA)	Triplet cleaning and protection (TCT)	Dump protection (TCDQ +TCS)
$< 5 \times 10^{11}$	-	-	-	-	-
$< 4 \times 10^{12}$	5.7 $\sigma$	-	-	$a_{triplet} - 1 \sigma$	7.0 $\sigma$
$< 1 \times 10^{13}$	5.7 $\sigma$	-	-	$a_{triplet} - 1 \sigma$	7.0 $\sigma$
$< 3 \times 10^{13}$	5.7 $\sigma$	6.7 $\sigma$	-	$a_{triplet} - 1 \sigma$	7.0 $\sigma$
$> 3 \times 10^{13}$	5.7 $\sigma$	6.7 $\sigma$	10 $\sigma$	$a_{triplet} - 1 \sigma$	7.0 $\sigma$

≤ 42 foreseen for 2007



Not required if triplet is not aperture bottle-neck (as foreseen)



# Proposed Collimator Delays and Impact

- Proposed **additionally delayed collimators**:
  - All **TCT's** for triplet protection and cleaning (except already installed IR8).
  - All **TCLA's** for shower absorption in IR3 and IR7.
  - Possibly *skew collimation in IR7* (details must be looked at).
- **Consequences** for 2007 low energy run: No additional limitations!
  - **Triplets** should not become the aperture bottle-neck (not the case with pre-squeezed injection optics with  $\beta^* = 11\text{m}$ , as foreseen).
  - **Up to  $3 \times 10^{13}$  protons at 450 GeV and up to  $1 \times 10^{13}$  protons at 1 TeV** with reduced collimation system.
  - Good: Only **highly robust collimators** installed for 2007 run (minimal risk to damage collimators).

# New Plan for Collimation I

- A much reduced set of collimators is needed for the start-up in 2007!
- **Leave already installed collimators in, even if not needed. Install all infrastructure and collimator quick plug-in supports.**
- Do not install tertiary collimators (IR1/2/5) and absorbers (IR 3/7).
- Install sub-set of primary and secondary collimators in IR3/7. Keep IR6.

Collimation Phase	Number of collimators	Performance reach (ideal)	Database phase	Installation
1	36	$\sim 0.07 \times I_{nom}$ at 450 GEV	1	LSS planning
1	76	$0.4 \times I_{nom}$	2	First shutdown
2	32	tbd	2	~2010

- Out of 36 to be installed in minimal system:
  - 7 already installed
  - 3 at CERN available
  - 26 to be produced.

# New Plan for Collimation II

- New dates for collimator installation, as agreed with K. Foraz:

LSS	Number of installed collimators	New baseline date	Final deadline	Old baseline date
6L	1	09/10/06	26/02/07	09/10/06
6R	1	23/10/06	02/04/07	23/10/06
3R	5	29/01/07	16/04/07	06/11/06
3L	5	05/02/07	14/05/07	05/02/07
7R	8	09/04/07	19/03/07	09/07/07
7L	8	09/04/07	06/08/07	19/03/07
1L	0	x	30/10/06	06/09/07
5L	0	x	27/11/06	06/09/07
5R	0	x	23/04/07	05/02/07
2R	0	x	21/05/07	05/03/07
2L	0	x	09/07/07	08/01/07
1R	0	x	06/08/07	12/03/07

# New Plan for Collimation III

- All collimators to be installed still in 2006 are at CERN.
- **Minimal production goals** up to end of February 2006:
  - 6 months of production time (including Christmas).
  - 26 ring collimators.
  - Rate: **4.3 collimators/month**.
- CERCA/AREVA promise is 10 collimators in September and 12 per month afterwards.
- They maintain this expected production rate of **12 collimators per month** (\$\$\$).
- We believe that they should be able to steadily produce at a rate of 6 collimators per month if no major problems appear.
- **Other actions** we took:
  - **Help:** AB and TS review of critical production steps. TS help in critical production steps.
  - **Control:** Further tightened and formalized production control in AB with full time presence at company. Avoid that CERCA falls into other holes.
  - **Pressure:** Next top management meeting with CERCA requested for October to push on manpower and contractual issues.

# Impacts for LSS Installation

- All **collimator supports and external connections** (quick plug-ins) installed and aligned as foreseen (dummy collimator for alignment). **No impact.**
- All **infrastructure** (cables, cooling, ...) installed and connected as foreseen. **No impact.**
- **Replacement chambers:**
  - 36 (coated Cu) + 50 (stainless steel) replacement chambers of 1.48m procured
  - **Another 30 stainless steel replacement chambers to be procured (with spares).**
  - Production problems with mobile pumping ports (AT/VAC) can be treated with a longer replacement chamber + flexible bellow (total length 2.52m).
  - Proposal as discussed with M. Jimenez: **AT/VAC takes responsibility** for all missing replacement chambers, allowing **flexible optimization with availability of pumping ports** (minimizing number of replacement chambers).

# Impacts for First Shutdown I

- **76 instead of 30 collimators** to be installed/connected during first shutdown:
  - Transport: ~ 4 collimators per day.
  - Installation/connection of collimator: 0.5 h per collimator.
  - Installation of pumping ports (if missing): 0.7 h per collimator.
  - Alignment: Not required but at least point checks.
  - **Total time installation: ~ 4 weeks.**
- More important work load for **vacuum work** (bake-out).
  - Discussions with Miguel Jimenez.
  - Try to summarize in next slides.

# Impacts for First Shutdown II

- Bake-out is essential close to experimental insertions: 16? vacuum sectors to be baked out (as in previous baseline).
- Bake-out could be skipped in cleaning insertions IR3 and IR7 (Chamonix 2006 + subsequent discussions).

	Adapted proposal		Previous baseline	
	Collimators to be installed	Vacuum sectors opened total	Collimators to be installed	Vacuum sectors opened total
LSS1	8	4?	4	4
LSS2	6	4?	4	4
LSS3	12	?	4	?
LSS5	8	4	4	4
LSS7	32	?	10	?
LSS8	4	4?	4	4
TI2	6	-	-	-



# Impacts for First Shutdown III



- Wait for input from Miguel on bake-out time and resources...
- Required length of first shutdown to be estimated from Miguel's numbers.





# Conclusion



# Collimation Needs 1 TeV

Intensity	Primary collimation (TCP)	Secondary collimation (TCS)	Absorbers for collimation debris (TCLA)	Triplet cleaning and protection (TCT)	Dump protection (TCDQ +TCS)
$< 2 \times 10^{11}$	-	-	-	-	-
$< 2 \times 10^{12}$	8.5 $\sigma$	-	-	$a_{\text{triplet}} - 1 \sigma$	10.4 $\sigma$
$< 5 \times 10^{12}$	8.5 $\sigma$	-	-	$a_{\text{triplet}} - 1 \sigma$	10.4 $\sigma$
$< 1 \times 10^{13}$	<b>8.5 <math>\sigma</math></b>	<b>10.0 <math>\sigma</math></b>	-	$a_{\text{triplet}} - 1 \sigma$	<b>10.4 <math>\sigma</math></b>
$> 1 \times 10^{13}$	8.5 $\sigma$	10.0 $\sigma$	14.9 $\sigma$	$a_{\text{triplet}} - 1 \sigma$	7.0 $\sigma$

≤ 42 foreseen for 2007



**Not required if triplet is not aperture bottle-neck (as foreseen)**