

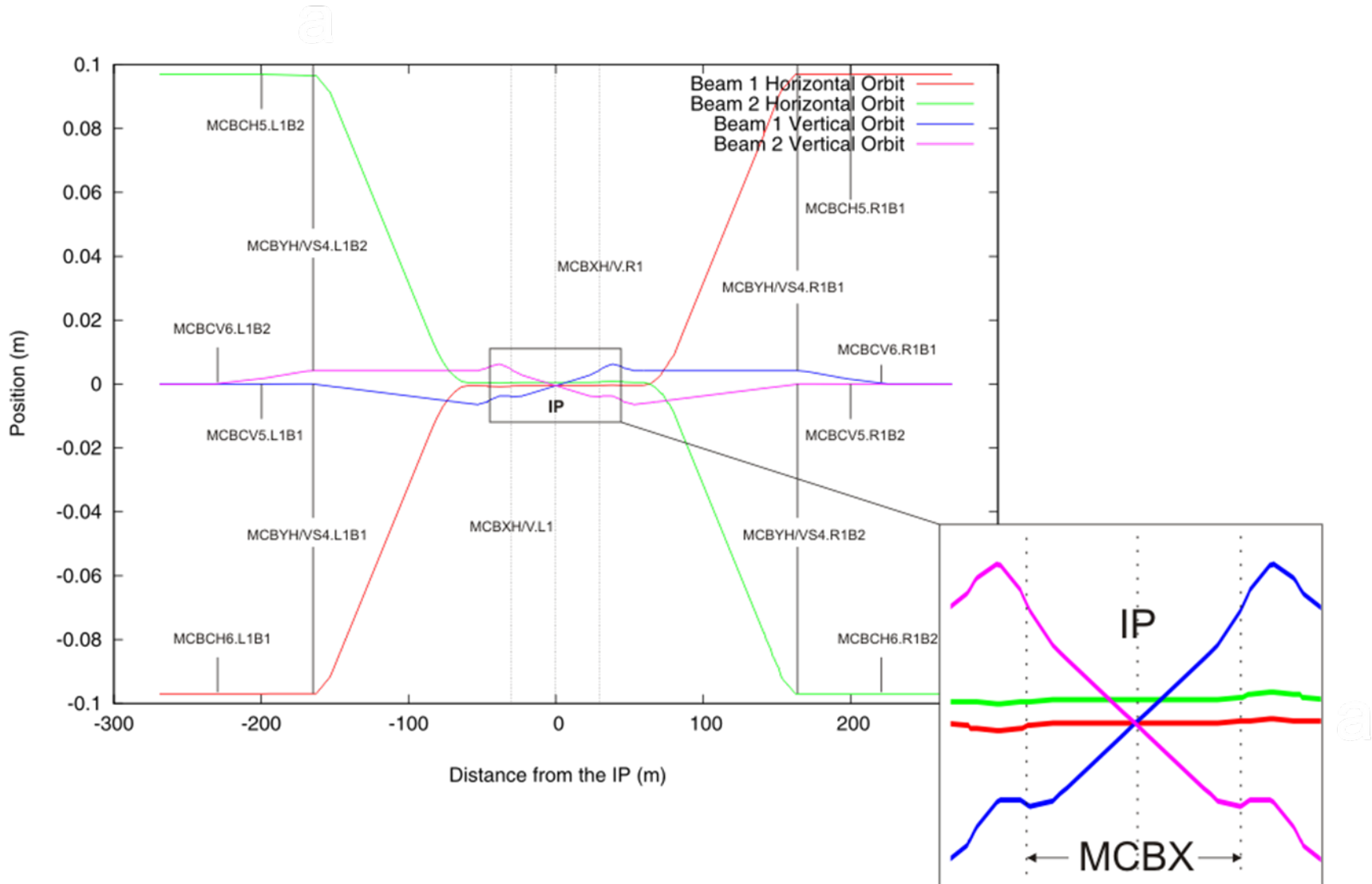
# Optimization of the collapsing time of the separation bumps

S. White , S. Fartoukh, W. Herr

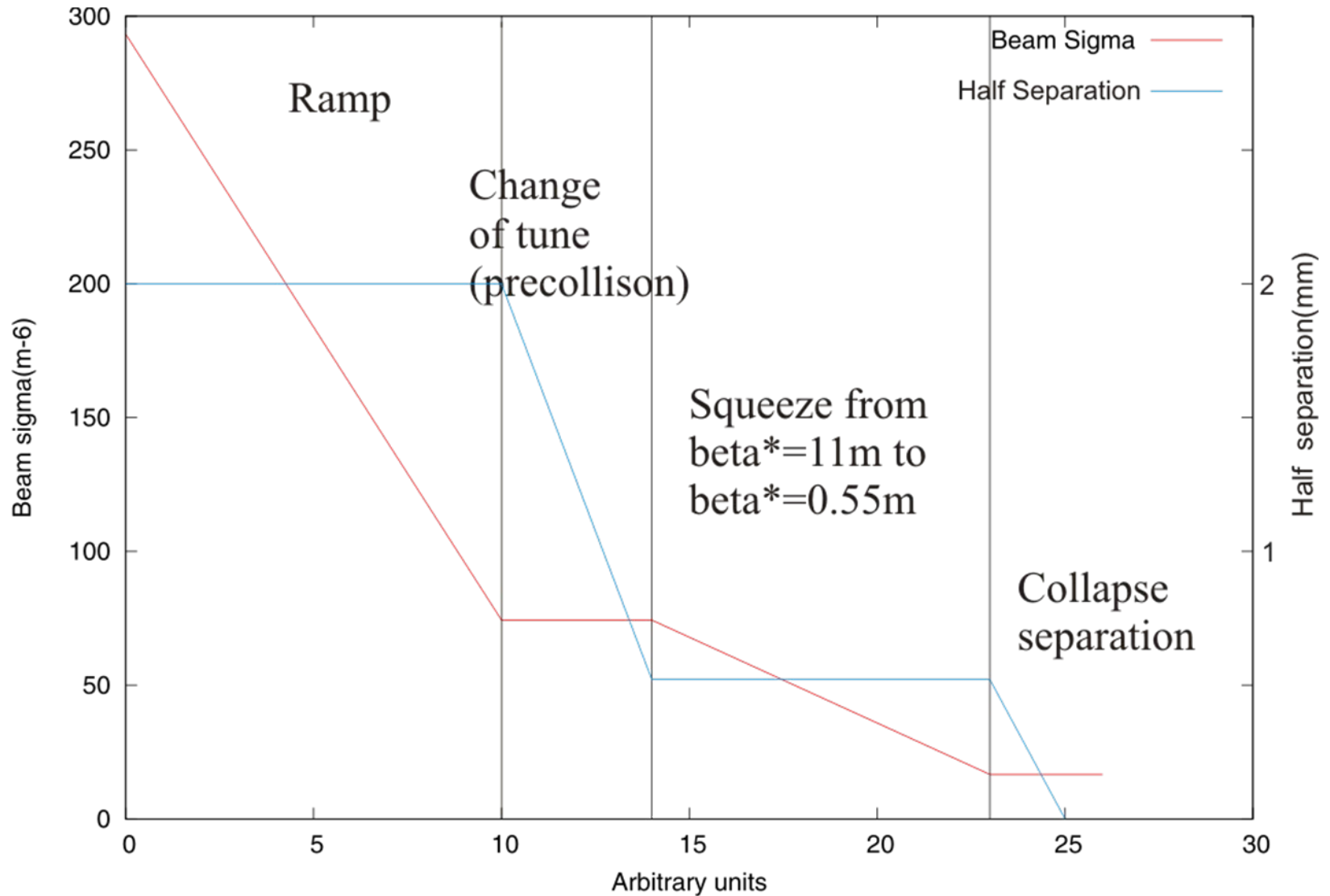
# Motivations

- It has been shown in simulations that due to beam-beam interaction an offset between the beams can result in an emittance growth.
- ⇒ A solution to reduce this unwanted effect would be to decrease the time spent in the dangerous region (small offsets) by bringing the beams into collision as fast as possible.

# The LHC crossing scheme



# Evolution of the beam sigma



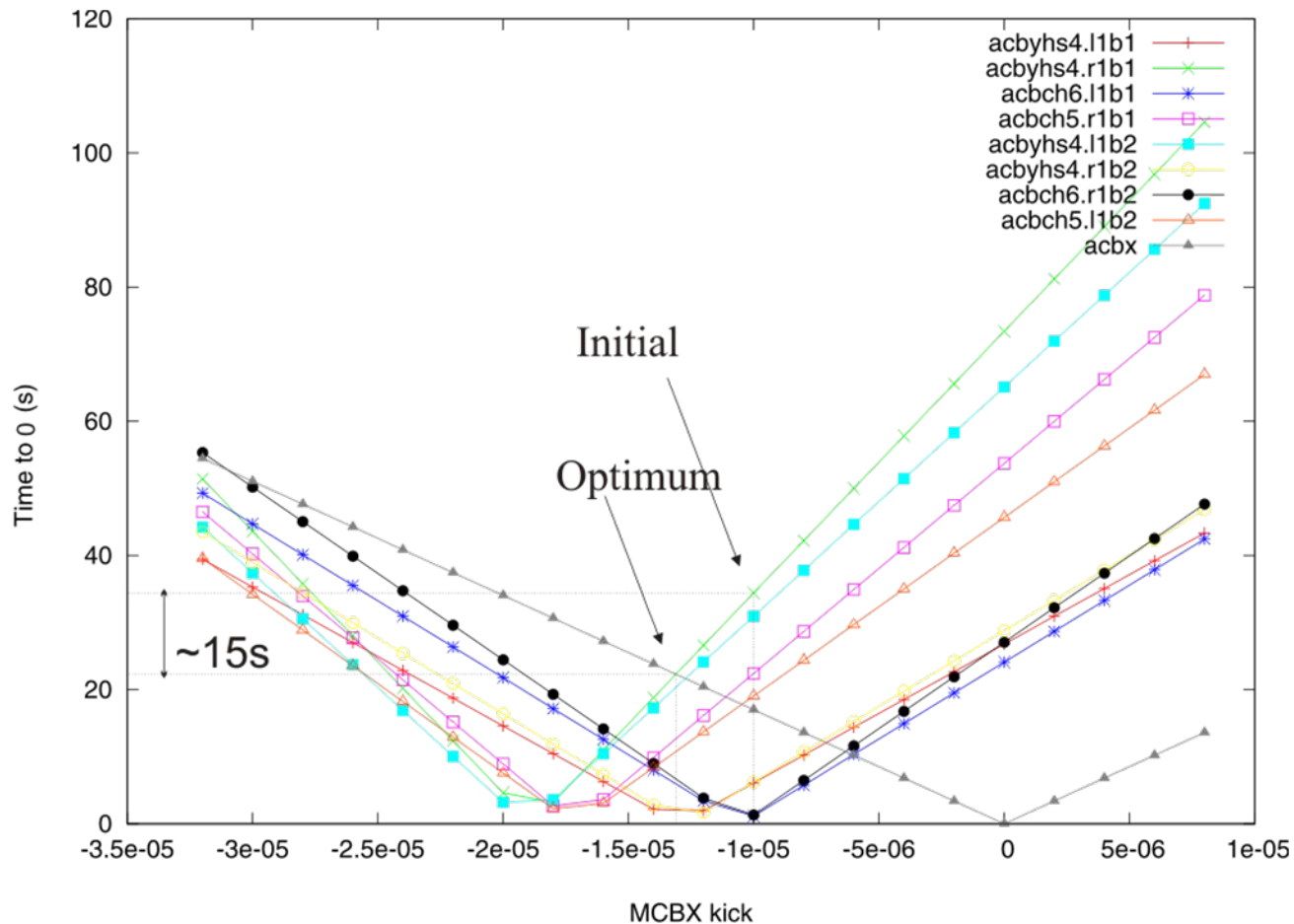
# Magnets characteristics

PC NAME	LENGTH	I NOMINAL	B NOMINAL	OLD MAX DI DT	REAL MAX DI DT	Proposed NEW MAX DIDT	PC NAME	LENGTH	I NOMINAL	B NOMINAL	OLD MAX DI DT	REAL MAX DI DT	Proposed NEW MAX DIDT
<b>IP1</b>							<b>IP5</b>						
<a href="#">RPMBB.UJ16.RCBXH1.R1</a>	0.45	550	3.35	5.00	23.77	15.00	<a href="#">RPMBB.UJ56.RCBXV1.R5</a>	0.48	550	3.26	5.00	32.88	15.00
<a href="#">RPMBB.UJ14.RCBXH1.L1</a>	0.45	550	3.35	5.00	25.28	15.00	<a href="#">RPMBB.USC55.RCBXV1.L5</a>	0.48	550	3.26	5.00	37.03	15.00
<a href="#">RPLB.RR17.RCBCH5.R1B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	1.25	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.RR57.RCBCV6.R5B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.07	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.RR13.RCBCH6.L1B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.16	2.00	<a href="#">RPLB.RR53.RCBCV5.L5B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.56	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.RR17.RC BYHS4.R1B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.60	1.50	<a href="#">RPLB.RR53.RC BYVS4.L5B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.76	1.50
<a href="#">RPLB.RR13.RC BYHS4.L1B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.65	1.50	<a href="#">RPLB.RR57.RC BYVS4.R5B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.67	1.50
<a href="#">RPLB.RR13.RCBCH5.L1B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	1.16	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.RR57.RCBCV5.R5B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.46	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.RR17.RCBCH6.R1B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.23	2.00	<a href="#">RPLB.RR53.RCBCV6.L5B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.27	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.RR17.RC BYHS4.R1B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.60	1.50	<a href="#">RPLB.RR53.RC BYVS4.L5B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.75	1.50
<a href="#">RPLB.RR13.RC BYHS4.L1B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.66	1.50	<a href="#">RPLB.RR57.RC BYVS4.R5B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.67	1.50
<b>IP2</b>							<b>IP8</b>						
<a href="#">RPMBB.UA23.RCBXH1.L2</a>	0.45	550	3.35	5.00	21.85	15.00	<a href="#">RPMBB.UA83.RCBXV1.L8</a>	0.48	550	3.26	5.00	36.15	15.00
<a href="#">RPMBB.UA27.RCBXH1.R2</a>	0.45	550	3.35	5.00	21.03	15.00	<a href="#">RPMBB.UA87.RCBXV1.R8</a>	0.48	550	3.26	5.00	34.52	15.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA27.RCBCHS5.R2B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.63	2.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA83.RCBCV6.L8B1</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.17	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA27.RC BYHS4.R2B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.49	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA83.RC BYVS4.L8B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.41	1.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA23.RC BYHS5.L2B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.07	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA87.RC BYVS4.R8B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.29	1.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA23.RC BYHS4.L2B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.26	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA87.RC BYVS5.R8B1</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.22	1.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA27.RCBCHS5.R2B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.56	2.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA87.RCBCV6.R8B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.43	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA23.RC BYHS4.L2B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.25	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA83.RCBCV5.L8B2</a>	0.904	80	2.33	0.67	2.40	2.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA23.RC BYHS5.L2B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.06	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA83.RC BYVS4.L8B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.42	1.00
<a href="#">RPLB.UA27.RC BYHS4.R2B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.49	1.00	<a href="#">RPLB.UA87.RC BYVS4.R8B2</a>	0.899	72	2.50	0.67	1.28	1.00

# Strategy

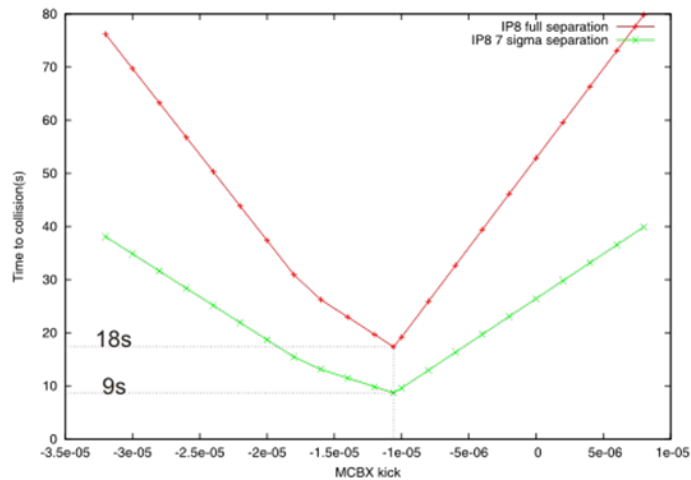
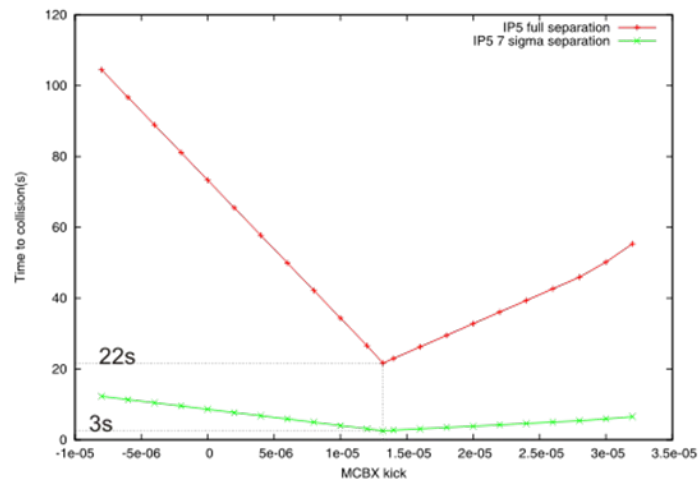
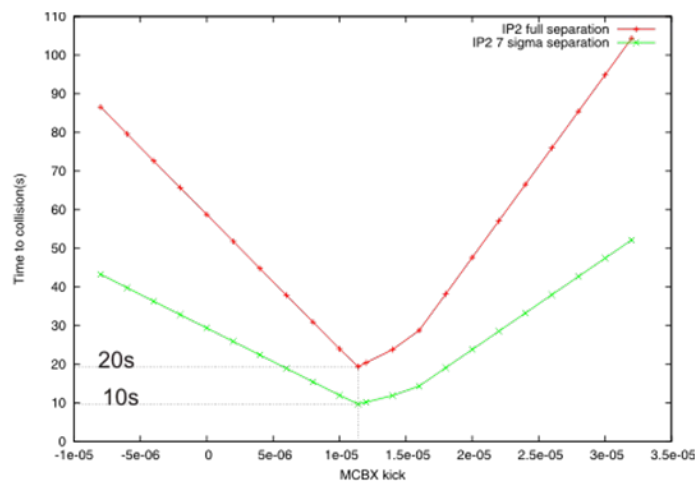
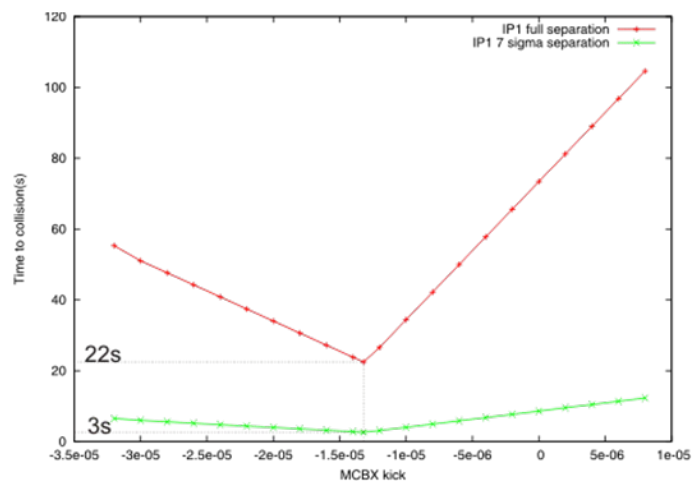
- Rematch the separation scheme for different MCBX kicks and try to find an optimum for the collapsing time.
- The maximum kick are implemented in the matching job.
- IP8 bump now closed at Q5.
- Look at the different  $dI/dt$  configurations.

# Optimization of the nominal collision scheme



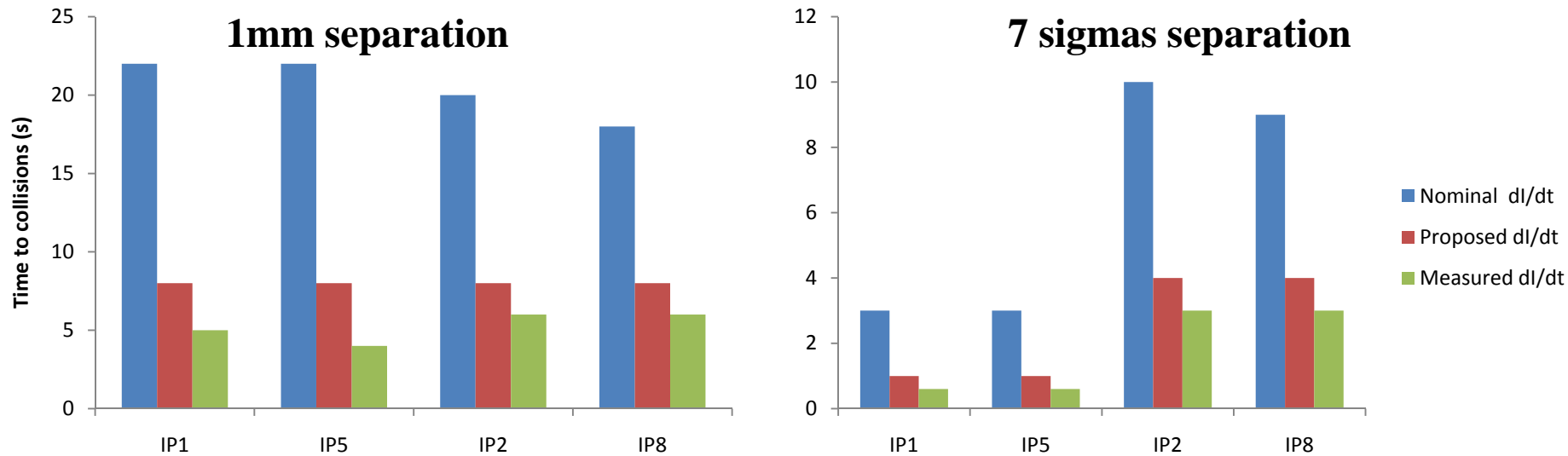
Example of IP1,  $\beta^*=0.55\text{m}$ , 1mm separation.

# Optimization of the nominal collision scheme





# Effect of dI/dt configuration

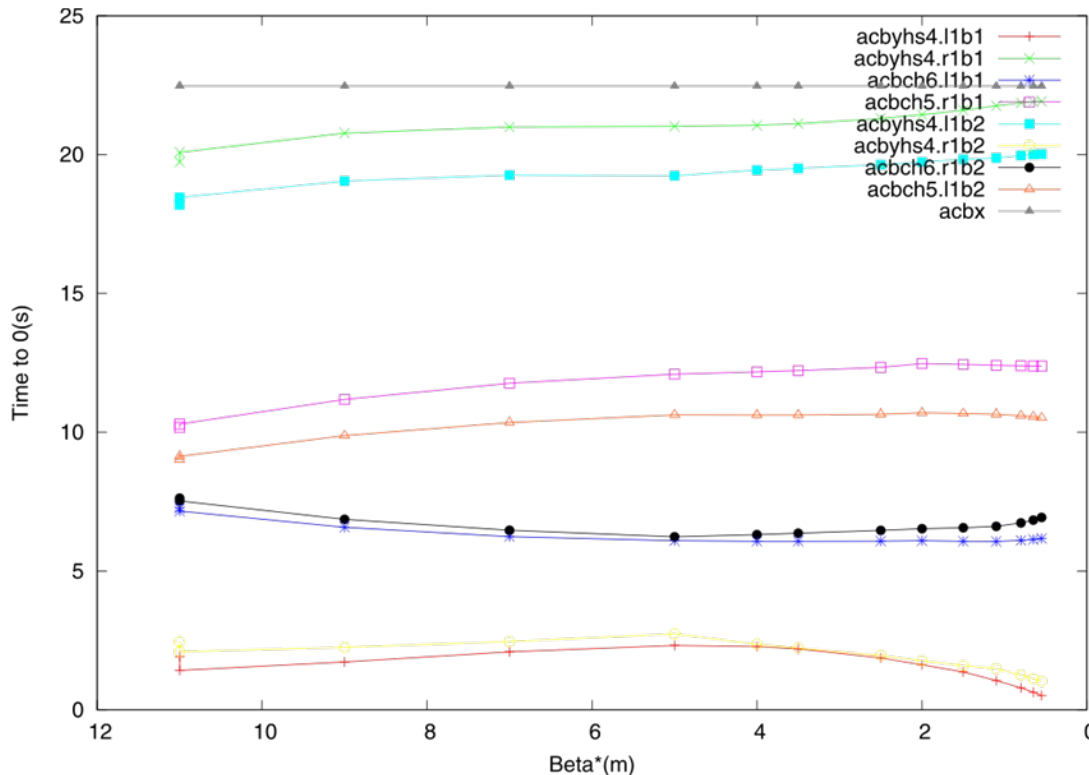


	IP1	IP5	IP2	IP8
	MCBX kick	MCBX kick	MCBX kick	MCBX kick
<b>Nominal dI/dt</b>	-1.32E-05	1.32E-05	1.14E-05	-1.06E-05
<b>Proposed dI/dt</b>	-1.42E-05	1.42E-05	1.36E-05	-1.25E-05
<b>Measured dI/dt</b>	-1.56E-05	1.60E-05	1.44E-05	-1.20E-05

⇒ The proposed new dI/dt would result in a gain of a factor 2.

# Effect of the beta\*

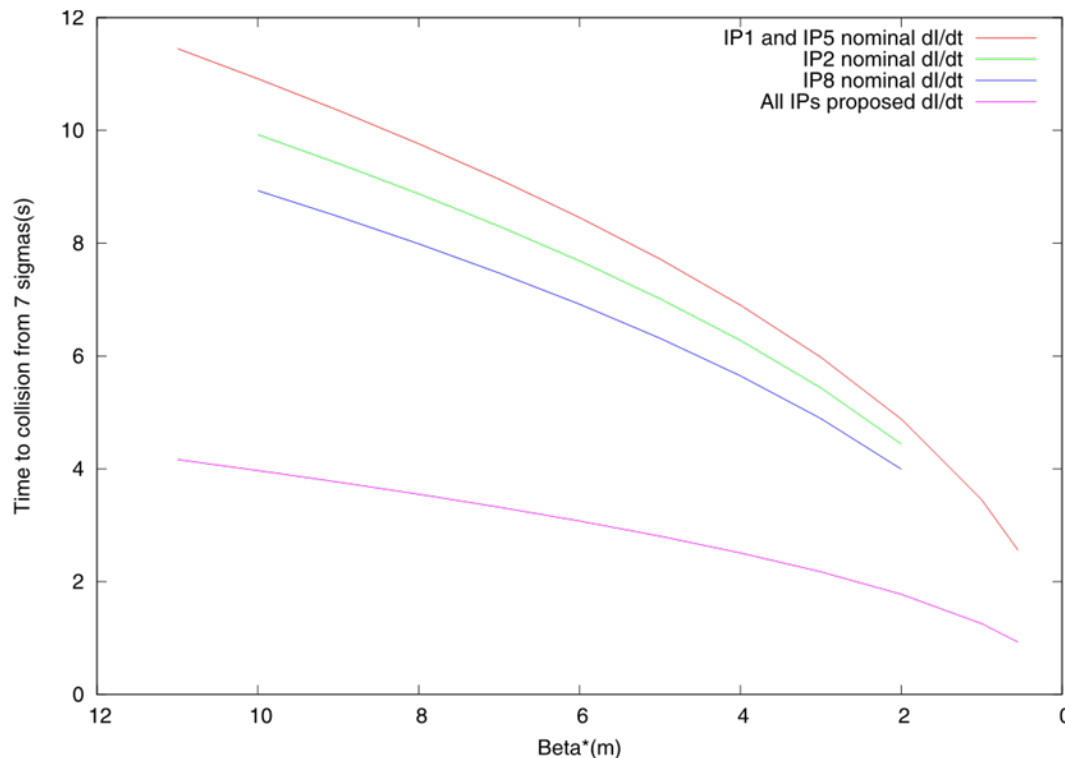
- The separation in mm and the MCBX kick are kept constant during the squeeze. The collapsing time of the full scheme is then constant.



Example of the Squeeze at IP1:  
The limitation is the MCBX during the whole squeeze.

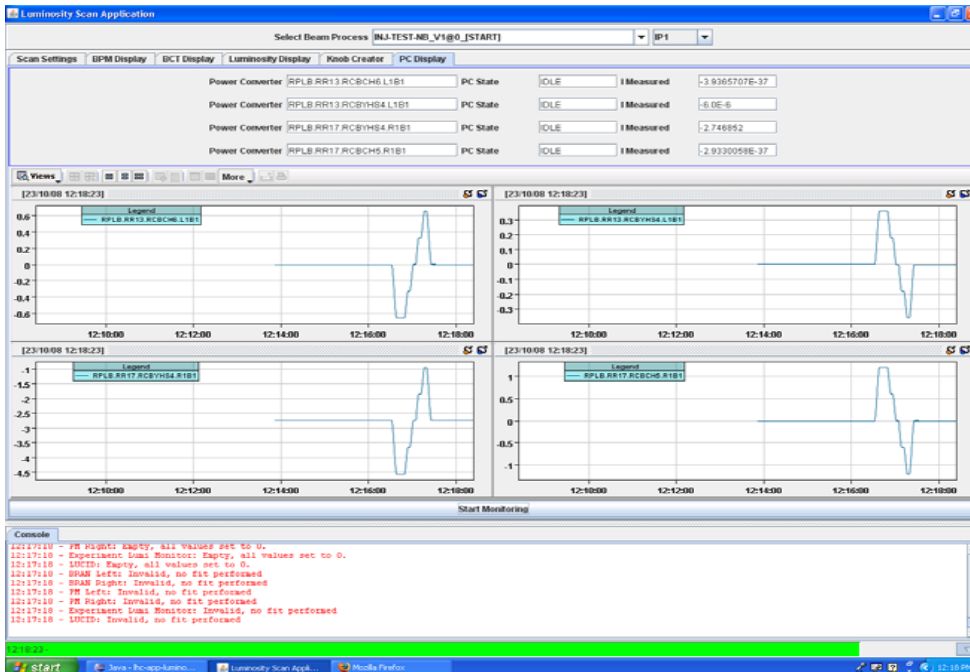
# Effect of the beta\*

- Evolution of the collapsing time from 7 sigmas during the squeeze for nominal and proposed  $dI/dt$ .



# Special case of the Van Der Meer scans

- **Principle:** Sweep one beam through the other following a step function by trimming a knob generating a parallel orbit bump at the IP and acquire the luminosity at each step.



Screen shot of a dry run performed with the CCC application with nominal  $dI/dt$ .

# Special case of the Van Der Meer scans

- We need to move each beam independently: we cannot use the MCBX, all the strength in the other magnets will be higher.

$\beta^*(\text{m})$	t from 1 sigma to 0 (s) nom. dI/dt	t from 1 sigma to 0 (s) prop. dI/dt
11.00	10.12	4.52
2.00	4.01	1.79
0.55	2.18	0.97

With the actual configuration and  $\beta^*=11\text{m}$  it would take 10s to go from 0 to 1 sigma separation.

⇒ Again by changing the configuration to the proposed new configuration we would gain a factor 2.

# Conclusions

- Even after optimizing the separation scheme the actual configuration seems to insufficient:
  - ⇒ 10s in the dangerous region for IP2 and IP8 while bringing the beams into collisions
  - ⇒ Very slow IP orbit correction and Van der Meer scans.
  - ⇒ It seems to be necessary to move to the new proposed configuration
- The optimized scheme is far from the current injection settings :
  - ⇒ Need a complete rematch of the injection optics.
  - ⇒ No solution was found for IP8 with the bump closed in Q5.
- This study will be followed by detailed beam-beam simulations