



**High  
Luminosity  
LHC**

# **Update on powering for HL-LHC triplets**

**M. Fitterer, S. Fartoukh**

**Acknowledgments: R. De Maria, M. Giovannozzi**

# Outline

- 1) Previous studies
- 2) Proposed powering scheme
- 3) Comparison with the nominal LHC
- 4) Alternative powering schemes

# Previous studies

## Summary of results of previous studies:

- A ripple on the current/voltage induces a change in tune, beta-beating, orbit, chromaticity ... In general the changes in beta-beating, orbit and chromaticity are negligible, but the **induced tune ripple** can be **non-negligible**.
- **Experiments** at the **SPS** [1,2] suggest that a tune ripple of  $10^{-4}$  is acceptable while experiences at **HERA** [3] show that for low frequencies even a tune ripple of  $10^{-5}$  and for high frequencies  $10^{-4}$  can lead to significant particle diffusion.
- Experiment [1,2], theory and tracking studies [4,5] show that several ripple frequencies are much more harmful than a single one.
- Typical ripple frequencies lie between 5-1200 Hz [1,2,3]

[1] X. Altuna et al., CERN SL/91-43 (AP)

[2] W. Fischer, M. Giovannozzi, F. Schmidt, Phys. Rev. E 55, Nr. 3 (1996)

[2] O. S. Brüning, F. Willeke, Phys. Rev. Lett. 76, Nr. 20 (1995)

[3] O. S. Brüning, Part. Acc. 41, pp. 133-151 (1993)

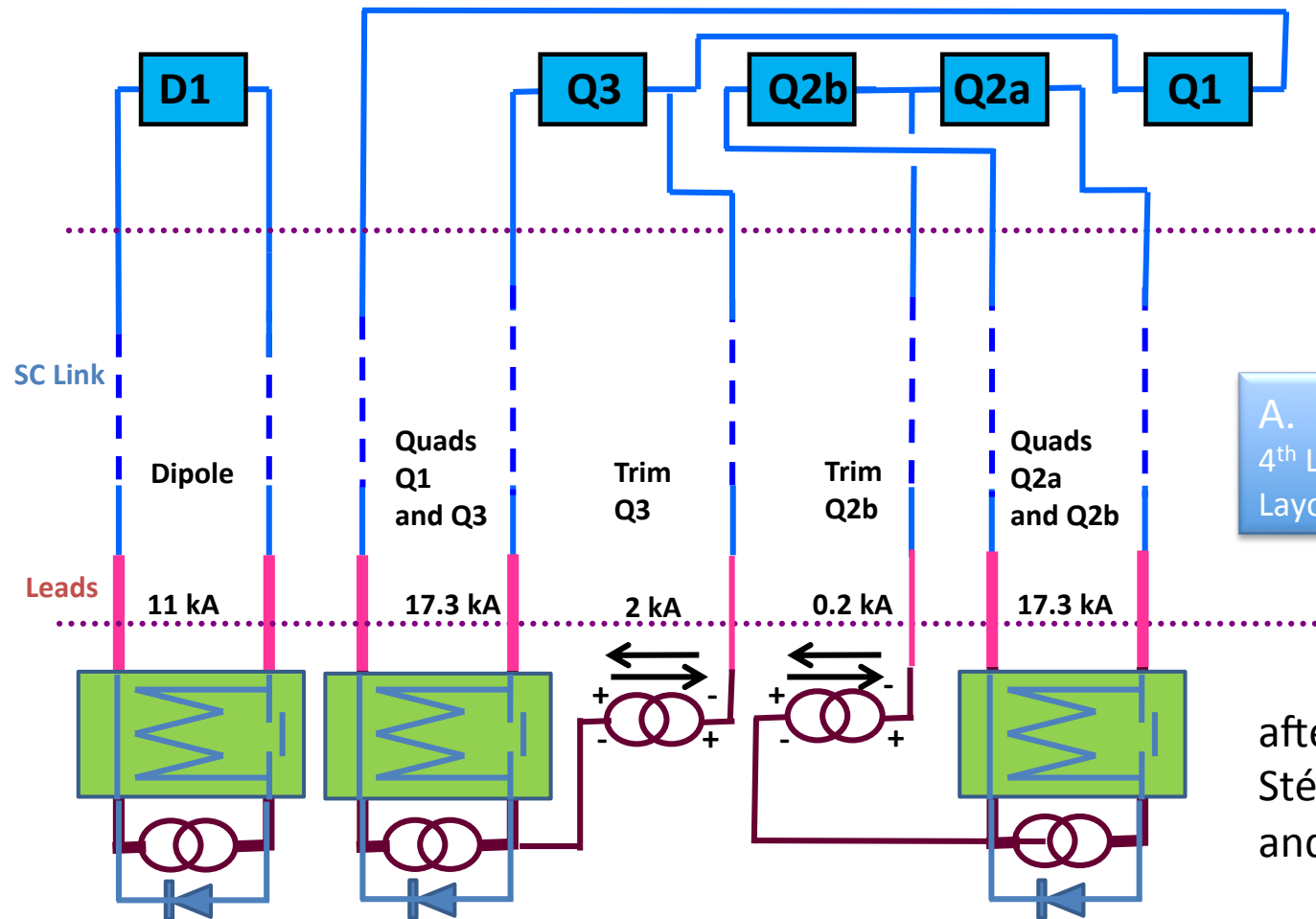
[4] M. Giovannozzi, W. Scandale, E. Todesco, Phys. Rev. E 57, Nr.3 (1998)



First estimate by calculating the tune ripple induced by a uniformly distributed error on the current, which should stay below  $10^{-4}$

# Proposed powering scheme (1)

Proposed powering scheme HL-LHC (Baseline):



A. Ballarino,  
4<sup>th</sup> LHC Parameter and  
Layout Committee

after discussion with  
Stéphane, Ezio, Amalia  
and Jean-Paul

# Proposed powering scheme (2)

## Simulation using MAD-X, HLLHCV1.0 optics:

- uniformly distributed (independent) errors on current => gradient error:

itok = kmax/(17.3)

di = 1e-06

dk1l5 = 2\*itok\*17.3\*di\*(ranf()-0.5)

dkt3l5 = 2\*itok\*2.0\*di\*(ranf()-0.5);

...

kqx1.L5 := kqx10.L5 + dk1l5

kqx2a.L5 := kqx2a0.L5 + dk2l5 ;

kqx2b.L5 := kqx2b0.L5 + dk2l5 + dkt2bl5 ;

kqx3.L5 := kqx30.L5 + dk1l5 + dkt3l5 ;

...

kmax=0.599599999902e-02

+/-1 ppm ripple on current

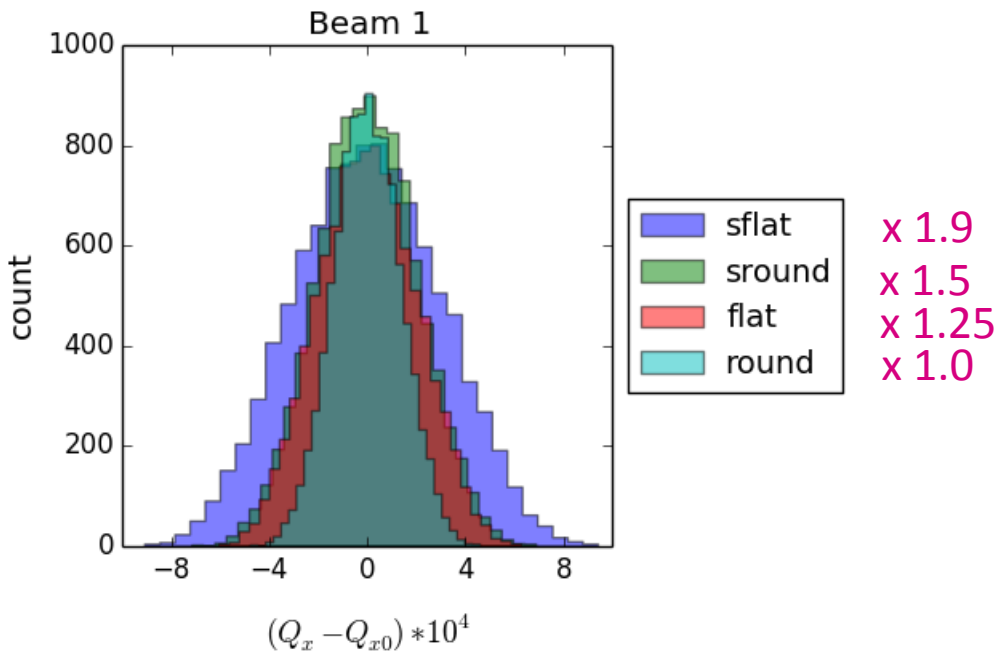
+/-di uniformly distributed error

powering  
scheme

- optics: round ( $\beta^*=15$  cm), flat ( $\beta^*=7.5/30$  cm), sround ( $\beta^*=10$  cm), sflat ( $\beta^*=5.0/20$  cm)

# Proposed powering scheme (3)

- **linear** dependence on relative current error  
(note:  $\Delta Q = \frac{1}{4\pi} \oint \beta(s) \Delta k(s) ds$ )
- almost **no effect from trims** for Q3 and Q2b
- dependence on  $\beta^*$ : apply +/- 1.0 ppm current ripple



$$\Delta Q = \frac{1}{4\pi} \oint \beta(s) \Delta k(s) ds \quad \text{and}$$

$$\beta(s) = \beta^* + \frac{s^2}{\beta^*} \approx \frac{s^2}{\beta^*} \quad \text{and}$$

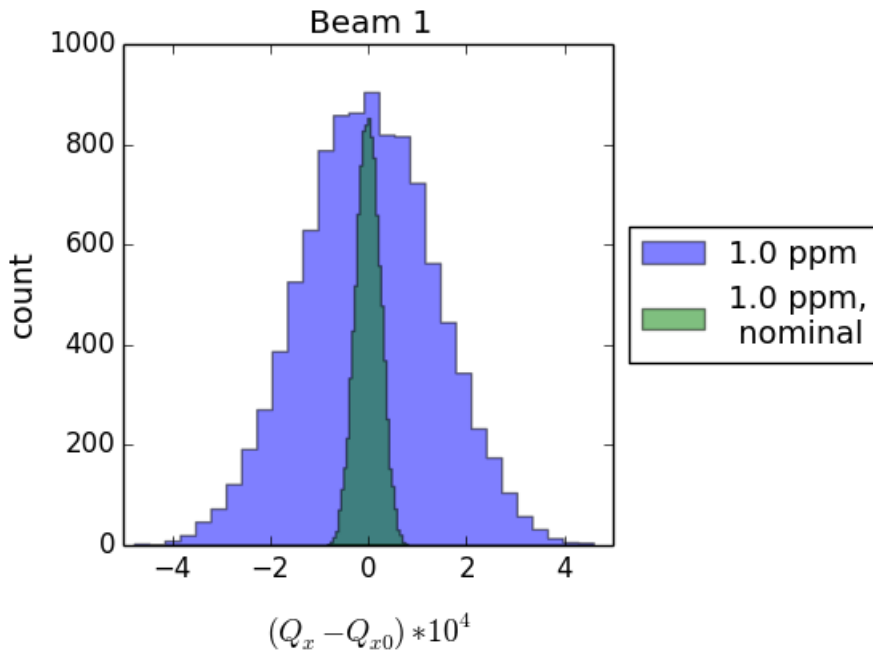
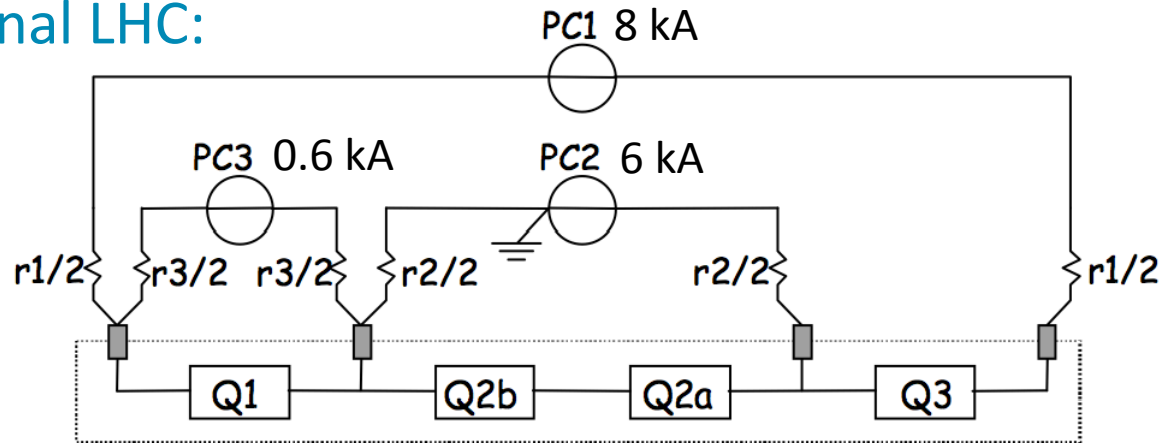
$$\Delta Q_{\text{tot}} = \Delta Q_{\text{IR1}} + \Delta Q_{\text{IR5}} \quad \text{and}$$

alternate xing + anti-sym. triplet

$$\Rightarrow \Delta Q_z \sim \left( \frac{1}{\beta_{1,z}^*} + \frac{1}{\beta_{2,z}^*} \right)$$

# Comparison LHC and HL-LHC

## Powering Scheme nominal LHC:



assuming +/- 1.0 ppm current ripple  
 $\Rightarrow$  approx. **x5** larger tune ripple  
 for HL-LHC ( $\beta^*=15$  cm) than for the  
 nominal LHC  
 ( $\beta^*=55$  cm, V6.5.coll.str)

	$\text{rms}((Q_z - Q_{z0}) \times 10^4)$
Baseline HL-LHC	1.35
nom. LHC (7 TeV)	0.25

# Alternative Powering Schemes (1)

## Contributions to tune ripple:

tune shift due to quadrupole error  $\Delta Q = \frac{1}{4\pi} \oint \beta(s) \Delta k(s) ds$

assume  $\delta k = \Delta k/k = \text{const} \cdot \Delta I/I = \text{const} \cdot \delta I$

thus for a given  $\delta I$  the max. tune shift is then (approx.) given by

$$\Delta Q_z = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \beta_z(s) \cdot \text{const} \cdot \delta I \cdot k(s) ds = \frac{1}{4\pi} \cdot \text{const} \cdot \delta I \cdot I_z \text{ with } I_z := \int \beta_z(s) k(s) ds$$

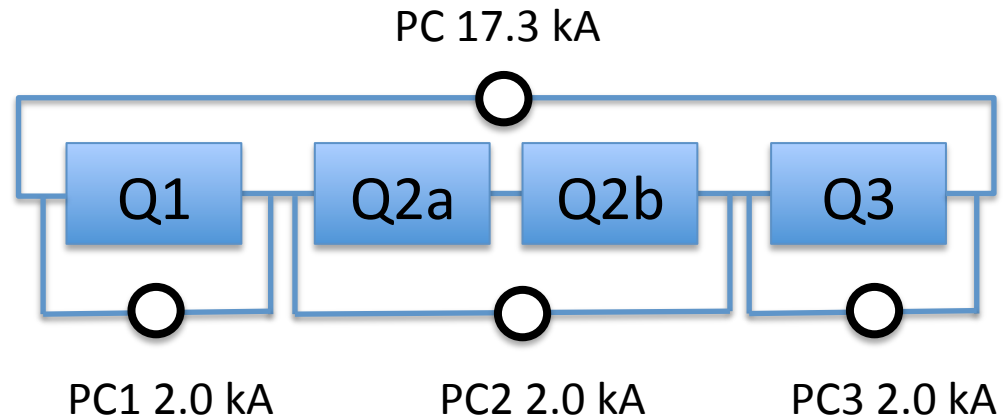
Beam 1	HLLHCV1.0 ( $\beta^*=0.15$ m)	V6.5, V6.5.coll ( $\beta^*=0.55$ m, 7 TeV)	(V6.5, V6.5.coll)*7/4*55/60 ( $\beta^*=0.6$ m, 4 TeV)
lx1L1	-274.14	-78.21	-125.46
lx3L1	-452.98	-122.48	-196.48
lx2aL1	723.22	184.03	295.21
lx2bL1	792.92	201.09	322.58
lx1R1	208.04	61.89	99.28
lx3R1	905.56	201.39	323.06
lx2aR1	-182.81	-50.37	-80.80
lx2bR1	-306.29	-74.92	-120.18



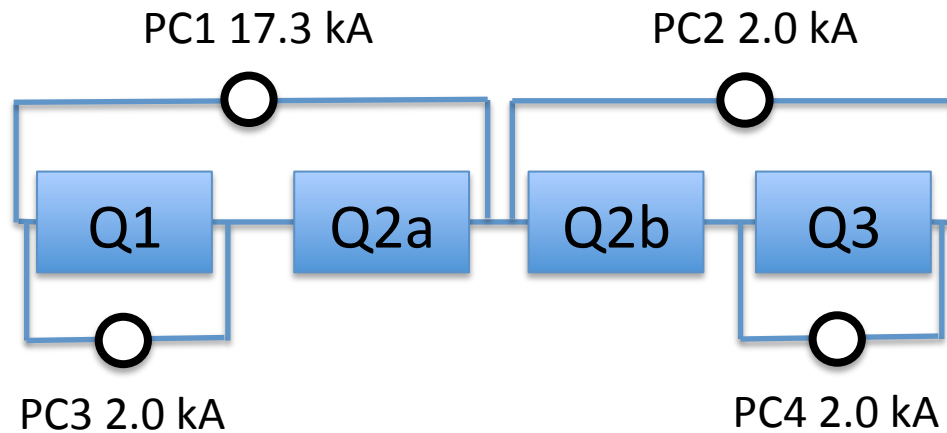
# Alternative Powering Schemes (2)

All in series (Q1-Q2-Q3):

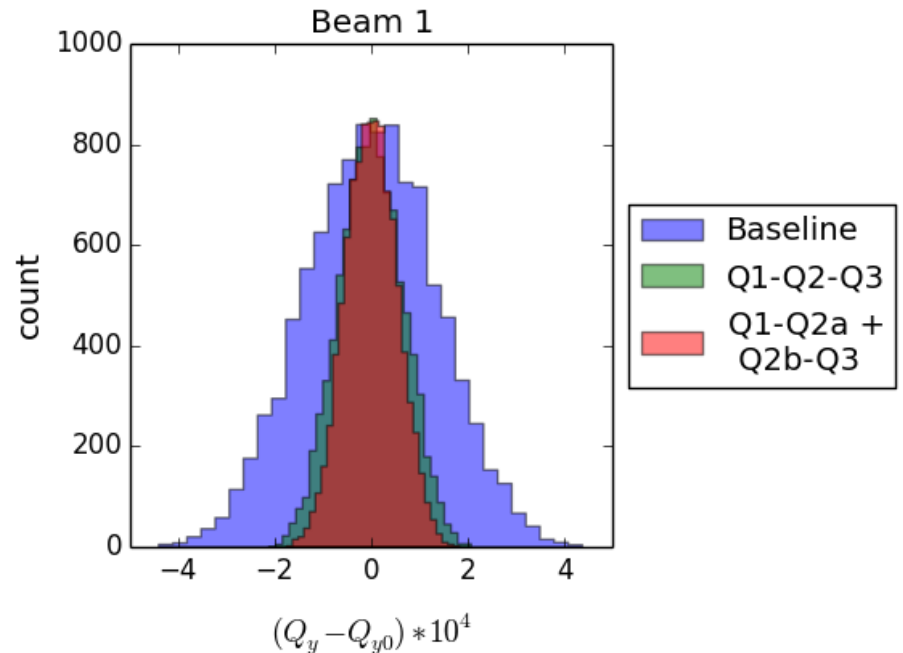
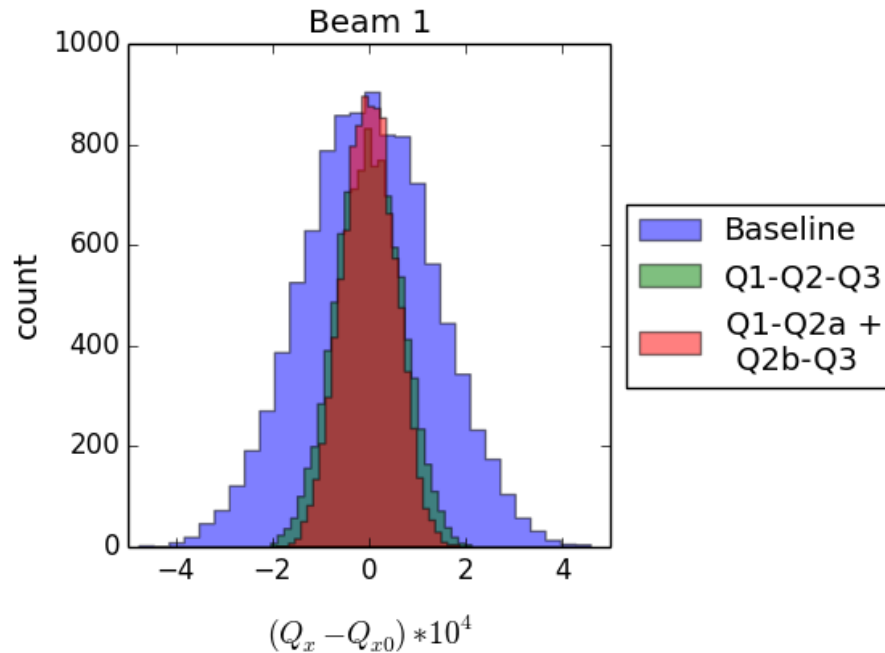
rejected for magnet protection  
(see A. Ballarino, 4<sup>th</sup> PLC)



Partial Compensation (Q1-Q2a and Q2b-Q3):



# Alternative Powering Schemes (3)



approx. **x2** to **x2.5** reduction of tune ripple with alternative powering scheme, but eventually less optics reachability towards high  $\beta^*$

	$\text{rms}((Q_z - Q_{z0}) \times 10^4)$
Baseline	1.35
Q1-Q2-Q3	0.67
Q1-Q2a + Q2b+Q3	0.54

# Alternative Powering Schemes (4)

	I <sub>x</sub> IR1	I <sub>y</sub> IR1	I <sub>x</sub> IR5	I <sub>y</sub> IR5
<b>nominal LHC, 7 TeV, 0.55 m (4 TeV, 0.6 m)</b>				
Beam 1	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)
Beam 2	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)	353.28 (566.72)
<b>Baseline</b>				
Beam 1	2075.26	2075.26	2093.17	2093.17
Beam 2	2071.11	2071.11	2095.62	2095.62
<b>Q1-Q2-Q3</b>				
Beam 1	1006.25	1006.25	1014.93	1014.93
Beam 2	1004.24	1004.24	1016.12	1016.12
<b>Q1-Q2a and Q2b-Q3</b>				
Beam 1	822.79	822.79	829.89	829.89
Beam 2	821.15	821.15	830.86	830.86

x2.0 reduction

x2.5 reduction

nominal LHC: 
$$I = \sqrt{[(I_{Q1L} + I_{Q3L} + 8/(6+8) * (I_{Q2aL} + I_{Q2bL}))^2 + (6/(6+8) * (I_{Q2aL} + I_{Q2bL}))^2 + [(I_{Q1R} + I_{Q3R} + 8/(6+8) * (I_{Q2aR} + I_{Q2bR}))^2 + (6/(6+8) * (I_{Q2aR} + I_{Q2bR}))^2]}$$

Baseline: 
$$I = \sqrt{[(I_{Q1L} + I_{Q3L})^2 + (I_{Q2aL} + I_{Q2bL})^2 + [(I_{Q1R} + I_{Q3R})^2 + (I_{Q2aR} + I_{Q2bR})^2]}$$

Q1-Q2-Q3: 
$$I = \sqrt{[(I_{Q1L} + I_{Q2aL} + I_{Q2bL} + I_{Q3L})^2 + (I_{Q1R} + I_{Q2aR} + I_{Q2bR} + I_{Q3R})^2]}$$

Q1-Q2a and Q2b-Q3: 
$$I = \sqrt{[(I_{Q1L} + I_{Q2aL})^2 + (I_{Q2bL} + I_{Q3L})^2 + [(I_{Q1R} + I_{Q2aR})^2 + (I_{Q2bR} + I_{Q3R})^2]}$$

# Conclusions

- uniformly distributed relative current error of +/-1.0 ppm leads to a tune ripple of  $4.0-8.0 \times 10^{-4}$  depending on the optics
- **linear scaling** with **relative error** and **scaling with beta function** according to  $(1/\beta_1^* + 1/\beta_2^*)$
- x5 larger tune ripple compared to the nominal LHC
- x2 reduction of tune ripple with alternative powering scheme

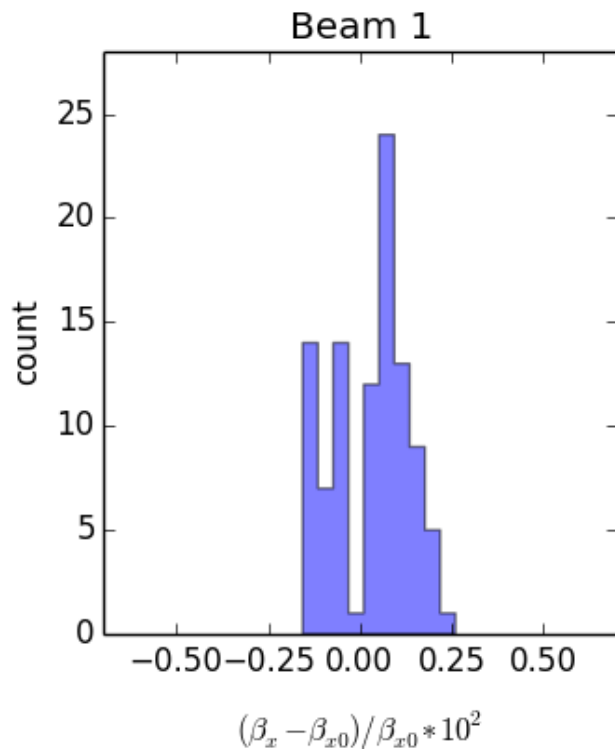
# Open questions and next steps

- **Acceptable** tune ripple?  
⇒ DA studies (sixtrack)
- **Model of power converter ripple** (from PC experts)?
  - Does the current ripple scale with the max. current?
  - Conversion of voltage ripple (measurable) into ripple on norm. quad. strength?
  - Frequency spectrum of ripple?
  - ...⇒ update model of power converter ripple in sixtrack
- If tolerances on ripple turn out to be too tight, possible **compensation like in HERA?**

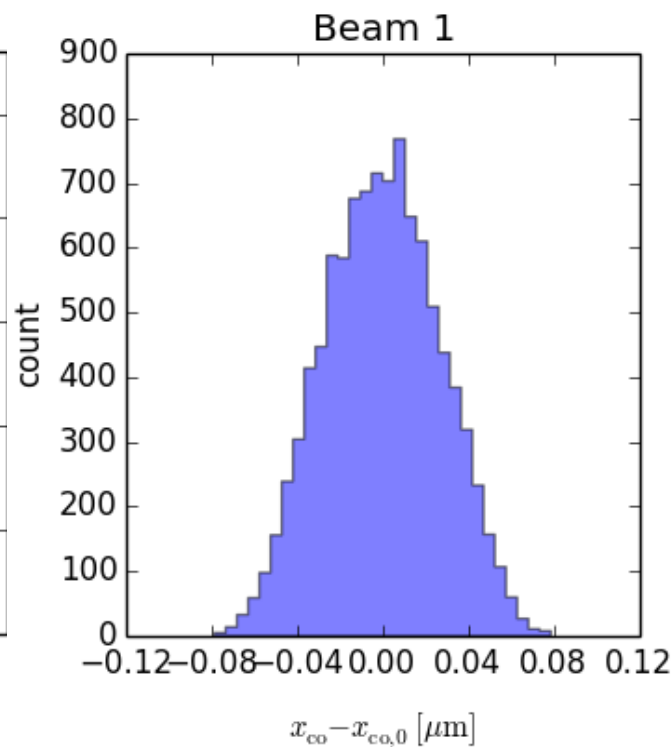


# Effect on other optics paramters

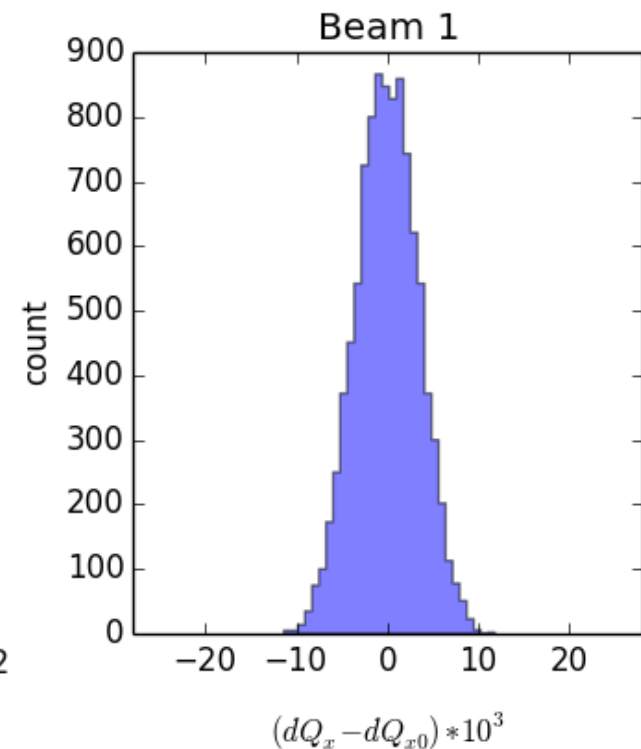
Effect on beta-beating, orbit and chromaticity for round optics (15 cm  $\beta^*$ ) and +/-1.0 ppm ripple on current :



max. beta-beating  
(complete ring)



closed orbit IP5,  
beam 1



chromaticity

# Contributions to tune ripple (1)

Beam 1	HLLHCV1.0 ( $\beta^*=0.15$ m)		V6.5, V6.5.coll ( $\beta^*=0.55$ m)	
	x	y	x	y
I1L1	-274.14	208.66	-78.21	61.89
I3L1	-452.98	908.24	-122.48	201.39
I2aL1	723.22	-183.36	184.03	-50.37
I2bL1	792.92	-307.2	201.09	-74.92
I1R1	208.04	-274.95	61.89	-78.21
I3R1	905.56	-454.31	201.39	-122.48
I2aR1	-182.81	725.34	-50.37	184.03
I2bR1	-306.29	795.25	-74.92	201.09
I1L5	-276.51	209.54	-78.21	61.89
I3L5	-456.89	912.05	-122.48	201.39
I2aL5	729.45	-184.13	184.03	-50.37
I2bL5	799.76	-308.49	201.09	-74.92
I1R5	209.84	-276.1	61.89	-78.21
I3R5	913.38	-456.22	201.39	-122.48
I2aR5	-184.39	728.39	-50.37	184.03
I2bR5	-308.94	798.59	-74.92	201.09

Beam 2	HLLHCV1.0 ( $\beta^*=0.15$ m)		V6.5, V6.5.coll ( $\beta^*=0.55$ m)	
	x	y	x	y
I1L1	207.64	-274.53	61.89	-78.21
I3L1	903.78	-453.63	201.39	-122.48
I2aL1	-182.46	724.24	-50.37	184.03
I2bL1	-305.69	794.04	-74.92	201.09
I1R1	-273.59	208.36	-78.21	61.89
I3R1	-452.07	906.88	-122.48	201.39
I2aR1	721.75	-183.09	184.03	-50.37
I2bR1	791.32	-306.74	201.09	-74.92
I1L5	210.1	-275.75	61.89	-78.21
I3L5	914.47	-455.64	201.39	-122.48
I2aL5	-184.62	727.45	-50.37	184.03
I2bL5	-309.31	797.57	-74.92	201.09
I1R5	-276.82	209.28	-78.21	61.89
I3R5	-457.42	910.92	-122.48	201.39
I2aR5	730.29	-183.9	184.03	-50.37
I2bR5	800.68	-308.11	201.09	-74.92